

**#105906**

**RODENTICIDE PLACEMENT STRATEGY REPORT**

Name of School \_\_\_\_\_

**Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Program**  
**Rodenticide placement strategy**

Please use the attached school drawing to indicate areas of infestation.

Rodenticide placement is restricted to areas inaccessible to children such as crawlspaces, boiler rooms, etc. It is unlawful to place rodenticide in areas accessible to children. Placement locations, amounts, and the date of placement, must be indicated on the school drawing (including crawlspace) by the pesticide license holder and the caretaker. The caretaker must monitor the packets daily and note the location of any activity. The pesticide license holder must meet and review the data recorded by the caretaker weekly. Empty packets must be collected and returned to the license holder. Both the license holder and the caretaker must sign this document before rodenticide will be supplied.

**Rodenticide shall not be used as a pro-active measure for the following reasons:**

- It attracts rodents to kill them.
- Constant monitoring is required.
- It becomes less effective over time.
- Once it degrades it can attract insects (beetles).

Caretaker (print) \_\_\_\_\_

Caretaker (signature) \_\_\_\_\_

License Holder (print) \_\_\_\_\_

License Holder (sign) \_\_\_\_\_

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**About the Hanta Virus**

The risk is specifically to those who come in contact with infected rodents.

The risk of infection is slight but it is a real risk.

50% of people infected with Hanta Virus have died. To date 33 Canadians have been infected.

The risk is higher in enclosed environments.

The virus is transmitted in the urine, saliva, and feces of an infected rodent when the secretions are disturbed and the dust created is inhaled into the lungs of a person.

Once outside the body the virus likely doesn't survive for long periods (hours to days).

The virus is inactivated by most disinfectants (10% bleach solution).

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